

The Newport Mercury.

VOL. LXXXI.
No. 4,177.

NEWPORT, SATURDAY, MAY 14, 1842.

Established,
A. D. 1758

THE NEWPORT MERCURY.
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY
J. H. BARBER.
No. 133, THAMES-STREET.

TERMS—Two Dollars per annum.
Advertisements not exceeding a square
inserted three weeks for \$1, and 17 cents
will be charged for each subsequent inser-
tion.—All Advertisements, except where
an account is open) must be paid for previ-
ously to insertion.

No Paper discontinued (unless at the dis-
cretion of the Editor) until arrangements are
made.—Single papers to be had at the Office
only, carriers not being allowed to dispose
of them.

NEW APOTHECARY'S SHOP
Sign of the "Good Samaritan,"
NO 92 Thames Street.

JUST RECEIVED.
From Boston an extensive addition of
Medicine and Dye Stuffs.

Henry's Calcined Magnesia,
Sir James Murray's Fluid Magnesia,
Wells, Linn's, & Sherman's Plasters,
Tooth Ache Drops & Kosote,
Macassar, Buffalo, Bears, & Antique
Oil; Essence of Rose.
German, French & American Cologne,
Lavender and Orange Flower water,
Doubled Distilled Rose Water,
French Lotion for chapped hands.
Cold Cream and Lip Salve,
Perfumed Toilet Balls,
Genuine Winsor, and other soaps,
Edes, Kidders, & Paysons Indelible
Ink.

Superior Red, black, and blue Ink.
Cough Candy, &c. &c.
Ground Logwood, Nicaragua, Fustic,
and Redwood.

ALSO, Medicine Chests, for Families,
or Vessels, and a general assortment of
Medicine, warranted of the first quality.—
For sale as above.

CHARLES COTTON.
Newport Jan. 29, 1842.

Encourage Home Manufacture.
Camphene Oil,

THE PUBLIC having experienced
the difficulty of obtaining *Camphene*, uni-
formly and of good quality from New
York. The Subscriber has resumed the
manufacture of the *genuine article*, puri-
fied by his peculiar process from all
aqueous and resinous matter at his for-
mer establishment in Frank lane, and
will be happy to supply his old customers
and others as cheap as can be purchased
elsewhere, and warranted of superior
quality. As no less than one Gallon
will be sold at the Laboratory, Grocers will
be supplied with 5 or more gallons at a
time in suitable canisters at a rate that
will afford them a reasonable commis-
sion. Those who feel inclined to encour-
age home manufacture will please give
him a call. **DAVID MELVILL.**
Nov. 27.

Beach Goats Hair Camblets,
Colored Waved Beaver Cloths.
Diamond do. do.
Plain Pilot Cloths.
Broadcloths in all their variety.
Cassimeres plain and fancy.
Stout Sattinets, Kerseys,
Vermont Cloths, &c. &c. all late-
ly received, and offered for sale at the
lowest market prices by
Wm. C. COZZENS & Co.
Oct. 30, 1841.

MARINE INSURANCE.

THE undersigned Agent, will effect
Insurance on Whale Ships and Oil
on board, at the lowest rates of premium
BENJ. MUMFORD.
Newport Oct. 22. 3m

STOVES.

FOR burning WOOD or COAL, man-
ufactured at the Newport Foundry,
dry, which for convenience or economy
are not surpassed by any cooking stove
in the market, for sale by
WM. BROWNELL,
next South of the Post Office.
N. B.—The Public are invited to call
and examine for themselves.
Newport, Sept. 12.

NEW GOODS

A VARIETY of fresh imported Dr.
Goods, suitable for the approach-
ing season, will be opened this day and
for sale at low prices, at
No 162 Thames Street.
H. SESSIONS.
Feb. 12, 1842.

HEALTH AND STRENGTH

Dr S O RICHARDSON'S
Sherry Wine Bitters,

ARE the only sure remedy for Dyspepsia
and Jaundice that has ever been discov-
ered—and their general use for 32 years, with
recommendations from the most eminent of
the Medical Faculty, and editorial notices
from the Boston Morning Post, Daily Mail,
Plymouth Memorial, Barnstable Patriot, Essex
Banner, Lowell Patriot, Bunker Hill Aurora,
Portsmouth Gazette, Dover Gazette, Northern
Star, Lincoln Telegraph, N. Y. Evening Sig-
nal, &c. must assure the afflicted that they
possess wonderful merit.

Orders from Agents, merchants, traders,
apothecaries and dealers in medicines, will be
punctually attended to, and sent to any part
of the country, safely packed in boxes.
A liberal discount will be allowed on the sale.
For sale, wholesale and retail, at the Doctor's
Office, 15 Hanover-street, Boston, and in most
Towns in the New-England States.

PRICE 75 CENTS per Bottle—50
Cents per paper. **££**

For sale in Newport, by R. J. Taylor,
John Easton, S. Sterne, G. Knowles Jun-
ior and J. J. Allan—and by J. Headley, in
Portsmouth.
Newport, May 1.

TO LET.

THAT pleasantly situ-
ated HOUSE in Franklin-street,
next west of Dr. T. Dunn's.—The
House is in complete repair; has a large
garden, a well of excellent water, with a
pump in the wash room; a large grass
plot in front of the house, and it is a
very pleasant residence for a genteel fam-
ily.—Also, Several small Tenements,
and immediate possession given.—For
terms, &c. apply to
ROBINSON POTTER,
Newport May 1.

H. SESSIONS.

Has just opened the following articles
viz:

New style Ribbons and Scarfs,
Rich Mousseline de Laines, Saxons,
A A Merinos of elegant shades,
Plain E de Laines, ditto,
Ruslin Plaids free from cotton,
Printed Orleans Cloths & Cashmeres,
Plain black M de Laine, extra quality.
Figured Alpines, jet and blue black do
Black Thibet Cloth dark Gingham,
Rich English & French Prints,
Gloves, Handkerchiefs &c.
Selected with care and for sale at low
prices. Sept. 25.

FOR SALE.

THE Sloop NIMROD, now
lying at Wickford, a first
rate sailer, and draws a light
draught of water;—she is a
good vessel for a Southern lighter, and
will carry about 200 bales of Cotton.—
For further particulars, enquire of
W. HOLLOWAY, jun.
Wickford, Sept. 24.

January 8, 1842.

NEW GOODS,

RECEIVED THIS DAY.

Among them are the following, viz.
Dark Twilled Tartan Gingham,
Low priced Prints,
Do do Furitures,
Silk Plaid Cravats,
English Merinos,
Plaid Flannel's
Cotton do,
Red Twilled ditto,
Satinets,
Cassimeres,
Cloths,
Woolen Gloves,
The above are offered for sale at the
very lowest Prices at No 132, by
J. M. COOK & Co.

80 BBLs Superfine

Flour, 20 bbls

Fine do. For sale by

S. F. GARDNER

January—3w

Retailing Molasses.

A few bbls. prime MUS-

COVADA MOLASSES, yet

remaining for sale, by

HENRY BULL.

Newport Nov. 13th.

VERY CHEAP

Carpeting.

32 ROLLS

This day opened by

WM. C. COZZENS & CO.

N. B. They will be sold as cheap as

any in this town or elsewhere.

April 16.

3300 Bushels of North Carolina

Corn now landing and for sale on De-

ven's Wharf by **C. DEVENS JR.**

New Goods.

And the greatest variety ever
offered.

A FRESH LOT OF

FANCY GOODS,

TOYS, &c., &c. &c.

Just received and for sale, at wholesale
and retail at the **VARIETY & CON-**
FECTIONARY STORE of

T. STACY, Jr.

next south of Mr. James Hammond's

Dry Goods Store, [Jan. 22. s

REMOVAL.

THOMAS T. SHEFFIELD.

Respectfully informs his Old Friends and

Customers in Town and country,

THAT he has removed to the com-
modious Store formerly occupied by
Sheffield & Bell, 4 doors south of his late
location, where he has for sale every ar-
ticle in the **Grocery Line**, (with
the exception of intoxicating Liquors)—
as low as can be purchased elsewhere of
equal quality—and delivered free of ex-
pense in any part of the Town.

He has **OIL**—Sperm at \$1 20 cts.
warranted pure; and **Whale** at 50 cts.
almost as white as water;—**Brown Ha-**
vana Sugar, 12 1/2 lbs for \$1—and other
articles in proportion.

During the Summer season, he will be
constantly supplied from the best Dairy's
on the Island, with good fresh Butter, &c.
Without undertaking to puff his articles,
he will merely invite his friends to call
and satisfy themselves, which he believes
they will not fail to do, on inspection.
Newport, April 3, 1841.

PURE EXTRACT OF SPANISH

SARSAPARILLA—Wm Brown
chemist no. 31 Washington street Boston
has prepared a liquid extract of Sarsa-
parilla by a steam process without boiling
the root. It is an entire new preparation
of Sarsaparilla never before prepared in
this or any other country. It has been
in constant use for the past six months by
some of the first physicians in Boston, and
all those who wish to go through a regular
course of Sarsaparilla treatment can be
referred to them. The preparation contain
no other article than the pure Spanish
Sarsaparilla, and one great improvement—
over all other preparations of Sarsaparilla
it is not reduced by adding sugar to form
a syrup. This article is well adapted to
the practice of physicians, as they can learn
by calling on the proprietor, the quantity
of Sarsaparilla contained in each bottle.—
The quantity required is small compared
with the Syrup. It is the cheapest prepa-
ration of Sarsaparilla now in use, consider-
ing its strength. Price 62 1/2 cts per bot-
tle. Dealers and families can be supplied
with this valuable article as above. It will
be found at retail by most of the druggists
throughout the U States.

A copyright is secured for the directions
and each direction signed Wm. Brown on
the outside.

The above article is a sure remedy for
all complaints occasioned by an impure
state of the blood, diseases of the skin,
scrofula, rheumatism, salt rheum, erysip-
as, and to remove the effect of calomel.

Just received a supply and for sale in

Newport by R. J. Taylor, J. Balch Provi-

dence,—Thernton & Son New Bedford.

Newport March 27. 1841.

WE the Subscribers having been appointed

by the Hon. Court of Probate for the

town of Portsmouth Commissioners on the Es-

tate of

THOMAS BROWNELL,

late of Portsmouth dec. represented insolvent,

herely give notice to the Creditors of said es-

tate that they must present their claims to ei-

ther of the Commissioners, within six months

from the date hereof; and that we will meet

and decide on the legality of their respective

claims at the Inn of Oliver D. Greene, on the

1st Saturday of April 1842 at 2 o'clock P. M.

JOHN CORY.

ASA FREEBORN.

JOHN BURNINGTON.

All persons indebted to said Estate, are re-

quested to make immediate payment to the

subscriber.

OLIVER BROWNELL.

Administrator on said Estate.

Portsmouth, Oct. 19, 1841.

Guardian's Notice.

THE subscriber gives public notice,

that he has been appointed by the

New Goods,

AT THE

New Cheap Store,

JUST received from New York, per
steamer New Haven, a great variety of
FANCY & STAPLE DRY GOODS,
selected with care from the latest importa-
tions, and at the very lowest prices,—a-
mong them may be found the following,
viz:

White Cotton Hose for 10c.
Cold Black, " 12c.
Silk Gloves, (good) 20c.
Kid do 25c.
Pic nic do 20c.
Silk Mitts, 12 1/2c.
Cotton Gloves, 10c.
Spool Cotton, (good) 1c.
Calicoes 5cts yard.
Bleached Long Cloths, 9cts "
Birdseye Diaper, 9c. "
Mousseline de Laine, 1s "
Printed Lawns, 10c "
Laid Silk Cravats 2s
Umbrellas, 75c,
Fig'd Silk Parasols, 1.50
Gamboues, light & dark, 25c

And an extensive assortment of other
goods proportionably Cheap which the Pub-
lic are most respectfully invited to call and
examine.
J. M. COOK, & CO.
April 9.

BIRD SEED.—A fresh lot of every
kind just received and for sale at
the Confectionary and Variety Store of
T. STACY Jr.
Also for sale, Bird Cages, Glasses, and
Bird Hooks. [Jan 22

NEW MUSIC

For the Piano Forte.

JUST RECEIVED, and for sale

ANOTHER LOT, at the Con-

fectionary and Variety Store of

T. STACY Jr.

March 12.

TO LET.

And possession given the 15th of April.

THE CHAMBERS of the
House corner of Church and
School Streets opposite the
Masonic Lodge, consisting of
5 rooms suitable for a small family.—
Enquire on the premises.
March 19.

FOR SALE or TO LET.

THE large Three Story
House in Pelham street
formerly owned and occupied
by the late Capt. Thomas
R. Gardner as a boarding-house. It be-
ing in a central part of the Town it is
very convenient and suitable for that, or
a large family. The house is in good
repair. For terms, apply to
SAMUEL WHITEHORNE.
Newport, January, 22.

TO LET

And Possession given the 1st of April.

THE CHAMBERS of the
Subscribers House in Prospect
Hill street, consisting of five
rooms, with a privilege in the
Garret and Cellar. For terms apply to
BENJ U. CARR.

March 26.

TO LET.

And immediate Possession given,

AN UPPER TENEMENT, consis-

ting of 5 rooms, in the House in

East Touro Street, directly opposite the

Redwood Library. Enquire at this

Office,

Newport March 26, 1842. 1f.

FRUIT TREES, LUMBER,

BRICK, AND POTATGES.

1500 APPLE TREES of the

choicest kinds,

3000 feet of seasoned Pine Plank,

5000 do do Hemlock do

6000 Brick

50 Barrels of chesango Potatoes.

A good one horse Carriage and Har-

ness but little worn, the above for sale

now if applied for soon by

JONATHAN DENNIS JR.

Portsmouth 3d Mo 14th 1842.—3w.

FOR SALE or TO LET.

And immediate possession given.

THE Estate on the point formerly

belonging to Capt. Freeman May-

bary, dec. being 100 feet on Washington

street, and extending to the channel, with

a wharf and a three story house 40 feet

square, suitable for a Boarding-House,

the water privilege is one of the best sit-
uations for a Ship yard and Rail Way in
this town.

ALSO, To Let, 5 acres of land on the
hill. Apply to

JOHN J. ALLAN.

Newport March, 5.

Miscellany

DESTRUCTION OF THE RED MEN.—

From the first moment that an European
landed in the west, they were a doomed
nation. The character of themselves
and the intruding race; the circumstances
attending that intrusion; and their very
virtues rendered their fate inevitable.—

Too strong to submit peaceably, yet too
weak to resist effectually the discipline
and fire arms of Europe, they refused to
acknowledge that their visitors had, by
landing on their country, acquired a title
to regions which the Great Spirit had
granted for them, his children, to hunt
the buffalo; while the white man, ar-
riving in a new world, where inhabitants
were all classed under one general title
of savages, was surprised to find there
nations who did not conceal their con-
tempt for the strange customs and weak
frames of the more luxurious "pale
faces."

When peaceful negotiations
were tried, it was soon discovered that
the Indian, fierce and suspicious, could
not be made to comprehend the system
of European diplomacy; while the white
man, on his side, sordid and unprincipled,
took every advantage that cunning and
treachery could give him. To these he
soon added a more potent auxiliary, the
"firewater," which he found was a tempta-
tion this wild race could not resist; but,
while raving in the delicious madness of
intoxication, would resign their title to
vast dominions for the means of engaging
in a renewed debauch.

In war, which generally followed the
attempt to enforce a bargain thus obtain-
ed, the European found that the Indian,
in his own woods, was a terrible enemy,
whose daring and patient attack, secret
stratagems, and cruel vengeance inspired
such dread that there could be no se-
curity for him while a tribe remained
in his neighborhood; and the war, in con-
sequence, became one of extermination.

When, in addition to this, came the dis-
eases of the west, with the small pox, in
its deadliest form, at their head, intro-
duced among a people who had no know-
ledge of physic, it is easily explained
how the ancient dwellers in that land
have found themselves begirt with a
circle of desolation, which is perpetually
narrowing in circumference till it has
reduced their limits and their numbers to
be but the shadows of what they were,
and till they appear so broken and dispa-
tiated that it is now beyond the power
of man to save them from vanishing ut-
terly away.—*Edinburgh Review.*

FORGIVENESS.—There is pleasure in
forgiving those who have done us an in-
jury, which very few seem willing to en-
joy. Instead of the kind word and
pleasant smile—so powerful to subdue
the most obdurate, and make them realize
their perverse dispositions—mankind are
too apt to add fuel to the flames of pas-
sion, by harsh words and unkind epithets.—
Of what avail is it, even if we are really
wronged, to harbor revengeful feelings?—
Do we not by this course, make ourselves
miserable, and destroy the tender emo-
tions of our souls? A forgiving disposition
is what we should all labor to possess—
not only for the sake of the enjoyment
that will accrue to ourselves therefrom,
but also for the beneficial results on the
minds of all with whom we associate.—
If there is a feeling in unison with that
of angels, it must be a forgiving spirit.
Portland Tribune.

A PERILOUS SITUATION.—About a week

since, a man and his two sons, one about
14 and the other about 11 years of age,
residing in the vicinity of the Rapids, were
engaged in fishing below the State Dam.—
Owing to negligence, they had approached
within dangerous proximity of the falling
sheet of water, and on being admonished
of the fact, by their female friends on shore,
an effort was made to recede from the
boiling pool. The effort, contrary to their
intention, threw them directly in "harm's
way"—the descending sheet of water struck
the boat, throwing it keel up in a moment,
and submerging its occupants in an uncom-
fortable as well as dangerous bath. The
youngsters gazed like potatoes in a boiling
pot—appearing on the surface and anon
descending again to the bottom of the pool.
They were rescued however, before they
had boiled long; but the case of the father
was less fortunate. He had managed to get
hold of the keel of the boat, but having no
power over it, was compelled to follow the
freaks of the eddying element. Slowly would
the whirl bear him towards the dam, when
boat and man would descend, reappearing on
the outer verge of the pool, but to returned to
undergo a repetition of the operation. Thus
was he made the sport of the elements for
three quarters of an hour; his friends the
mean time being unable to devise any means
of rescue. At length, the boat, in passing
under the sheet, was stove in, and by a for-
tunate circumstance, projected without the
influence of the whirlpool. The rescue im-
mediately followed, much to the relief of
the spectators as doubtless to him who had
long struggled for life with hardly a prospect
of success. *Rochester Daily Advertiser.*

Earthquake.—A slight shock of an

earthquake was felt in Macon and Mil-

ledgeville, Georgia, on the 25th ult.

The Babies in the Woods.—The news-
papers of Halifax, N. S. tell us a sad
tale, to which one can hardly listen with-
out a tear:

Two children went astray in the
woods, on Monday, the 11th of April,
about four miles from Halifax. Some
hundreds of people, comprising some mili-
tary and Indians, went in search of them
for several successive days. On Friday,
a snow storm occurred, and added pain-
fully to the difficulties and depression on
the subject. On Sunday, the remains of
the children were found about seven
miles from the home of their parents.

The eldest of the sufferers was a little
girl, between seven and eight years old—
the other, a little girl, about two years
younger. They were found locked in
each other's arms—the youngest with her
face on the cheek of the elder. The
elder girl, it is said, had taken off her
apron, and rolled it about the more help-
less and delicate babe. She had the looks
of care and sorrow in death, as if, which
is not uncommon in such cases, prema-
ture responsibility was felt, and that to
secure and shield the little innocent by her
side, was felt a duty. The younger
seemed as if it met death in sleep. Their
tender forms were injured by travelling, in
vain endeavors to reach home.

What pangs must have introduced dea-
pair to the children's minds, mid their
loneliness & hunger, day after day,

Twenty-Seventh Congress.

SECOND SESSION.

IN SENATE, Wednesday, May 4.—After Mr. Benton concluded his remarks in relation to the letters copied from the files of the Post Office Department, the General Appropriation Bill was taken up and passed, with some amendments which will probably be concurred in by the House without delay.

IN THE HOUSE, the New York Custom House business occupied the day. In the course of the discussion, a personal altercation took place between Messrs Stanley and Wise, which was disgraceful to both. Stanley called Wise a bull-dog. Wise retorted by calling Stanley a coward. Stanley then talked like a bully about what he was willing to do "elsewhere," and so the matter dropped.

IN SENATE, Thursday, May 5.—The Senate met to day, and without transacting any business, adjourned over to Monday for the purpose of ventilating the Chamber, &c.

IN THE HOUSE, Joshua R. Giddings, Representative re-elected from the 16th Congressional District of Ohio, appeared, was qualified, and took his seat.

Mr. Hubersham from the Committee on Manufactures, on leave, submitted a minority report on the subject of the Tariff, the printing of which and 5,000 extra copies, had been ordered, with the minority report.

Mr. Saltonstall, Chairman of the Committee on Manufactures, gave notice that he should at the earliest opportunity next week move to take up the Tariff bill.

The Appropriation bill was received from the Senate, referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, and ordered to be printed with the amendments of the Senate.

On motion of Mr. Hopkins, and after a long debate, the House adjourned until Monday.

IN SENATE, Monday, May 9.—The President *pro tem.* laid before the Senate a communication from Thomas W. Dorr, Governor of the State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, under the new constitution, covering the following:

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

General Assembly, May Session, in the City of Providence, A. D. 1842.

Resolved, That the Governor be requested to inform the President of the United States that the Government of this State has been duly elected and organized under the Constitution of the same; and that the General Assembly are now in session, and proceeding to discharge their duties, according to the provisions of the said constitution.

Resolved, That the Governor be requested to make the same communication to the President of the Senate, and to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and to be laid before the two Houses of Congress of the United States.

Resolved, That the Governor be requested to make the same communication to the Governors of the several States, to be laid before the respective Legislatures.

A true copy—witness:
W. H. SMITH,
Secretary of State.

The above having been read,
Mr. Preston remarked that the communication he presumed, would lay on the table, as a matter of course. The communication lies on the table.

Sundry memorials were presented.
Mr. Benton presented a resolution in relation to the archives of the post office, having for its object to inquire into the manner in which the Madisonian obtained possession of certain papers relative to the appointment of post master at St. Louis.

On motion of Mr. Berrien, the Senate proceeded to the consideration, as in committee of the whole, of the bill to provide further remedial justice in the district courts of the U. States, intended to meet cases similar to that of McLeod.

Mr. Buchanan made a long speech in opposition to it on which he endeavored to establish:

1st That if Congress had the constitutional power to make this law, it ought not to exercise it.

2d That Congress does not possess the power.

3d That the tendency of the bill is to increase litigation, increase the expenses of judicial proceedings, and occasion such delay and defeat of justice as must prove intolerable.

4th That a regard for national honor and national character ought to prevent its adoption at this time.

Mr. Choate obtained the floor, but it was then 3 o'clock, and he moved that the Senate go into executive session; which was agreed to.

The Senate accordingly went into executive session, and shortly afterwards, adjourned.

IN THE HOUSE, after the presentation of divers memorials and petitions, Mr. Fillmore called for the order of the day. This was the question on printing the reports of the Commissioners on the New York Custom House.

Mr. Cushing resumed his remarks commenced on Wednesday last. He entered into an elaborate argument in defence of the right of the President to institute the commission, replying to Mr. Underwood. During his speech, Mr. Cushing gave several times to explanations on the part of Mr. Adams and Mr. Everett. Without finishing his

speech, he yielded to a motion made by Mr. Stuart for the printing of the reports under the superintendence of the Clerk of the House, which motion was adopted. The matter was then passed by informally, and on motion of Mr. Fillmore, the House went into Committee of the whole on the Appropriation Bill as referred with amendments from the Senate.

Most of the amendments adopted by the Senate were concurred in by the House. A long debate ensued, however on the amendment regulating the emoluments of the United States Attorney for the Southern District of New York, in which Messrs. Jones, Fillmore, Adams, Everett, Saltonstall and others took part. Mr. J. W. Jones offered an amendment reducing the emoluments from \$6,000 to \$5,000, which was agreed to—Ayes 67, Noes 55.

On motion of Mr. Roosevelt an amendment was adopted, reducing the compensation of the Clerks of the Circuit and District Courts from \$4,500 to \$2,500. Mr. McClellan moved an amendment limiting the office expenses and Clerk hire to \$3,000 per annum, which was agreed to.

The Committee then rose and reported progress, and the House adjourned.

UMBRELLA DUTIES.

IN SENATE, Tuesday, May 10.—The morning business in the Senate to-day was of the usual character. The umbrella men, through Mr. Buchanan, presented their memorial praying Congress to protect their interest. They ask for an imposition of duties upon foreign umbrellas at the following rates:—Silk umbrellas and parasols \$1, gingham 50 cents, and cotton umbrellas 25 cents. They also ask for the drawback upon umbrellas manufactured upon foreign silks and exported. The export trade which has hitherto been large, appears to have been broken up.

THE FRANKING PRIVILEGE.

Mr. Tallmadge presented the Resolutions adopted by the New York Legislature, asking for the abolition of the franking privilege, and asking also for a reduction of letter postage. The Resolutions were read and left upon the table.

MR BENTON AND THE POST MASTER GENERAL.

Mr. Benton's Resolution yesterday submitted, and calling upon the Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads to make inquiries as to the publication of certain articles which appeared in the Madisonian, and affecting him, and an application made by him for an office for a friend in St. Louis. Mr. Benton took the opportunity to make a new attack upon the Post Master General. He charged him, in brief, with furnishing an article for the Madisonian, which article was false altogether. His veracity having been attacked, he was for having it investigated by the Senate.

Mr. Merrick objected to the resolution, and very properly conceived that the Senate had nothing to do with a publication that made its appearance in the newspapers of the day.

The debate went on very briefly between Messrs. Linn, Benton, Preston and Merrick, in the course of which the conduct of Mr. Benton, in abstracting papers from the files of the Senate for the purpose of publication, was incidentally alluded to. Upon this rests the origin of all this difficulty. Mr. Benton having violated the secrets of the Senate, the Postmaster General has made complaint of his conduct. Mr. Benton chooses to carry the matter into the Senate and to make this body a party to the conflict.

The subject occupied a part of the session for the first two hours to day, and passed over without being disposed of.—Mr. Merrick will to-morrow argue the question of making public the secrets of the Senate.

REMEDIAL JUSTICE.

This Bill was the special order of the day: Mr. Choate of Mass. was entitled to the floor and made an eloquent and beautiful speech in defence of the measure. Mr. Buchanan was replied to, and Mr. Berrien sustained, in an argument which exhibited much learning, much good taste and an earnest interest in the subject discussed, which all regarded as of high importance.

IN THE HOUSE, The Speaker this morning laid before the House a letter from Benjamin F. Butler of New York, setting forth that he is guilty of the charges preferred against him in the Report of the Hon. George Poindexter. Mr. Butler in his communication, also asks that he may be present if any investigation is to be had adverse to his good name Mr. Butler gives his reasons for not appearing before the Commission, and makes an argument adverse to its constitutionality.

Several Executive communications were also presented, and one of these was from the auditor, W. B. Lewis, vindicating himself from charges preferred against him by one of the Committees on Public Expenditures. [Mr. Lewis is convicted of gross omission of duty in the case of Mr. Collins.]

The other morning business was not important, and at an early hour the Senate went into Committee of the Whole upon the motion of Mr. Fillmore, of New York. The Civil and Diplomatic Bill was the business of the day.

The provisions of the Senate in regard to the pay of District Attorneys, Marshals and Clerks in the United States Courts was disposed of, reducing the pay of the former officers to the sum of five thousand dollars in extreme cases. The pay of the Clerks in extreme cases is cut

down to \$2500, from the \$4500, before proposed.

BOSTON CUSTOM HOUSE.

The Senate amendment for the Boston Custom House was the first matter considered this morning. It was debated long and tediously until nobody listened to what was said, and no quorum could be found in attendance in the Hall. The committee between two and three o'clock were obliged to adjourn from committee to the House for want of a quorum.—Here there was a call of the House and 136 members answered to their names.—With 15 members more than a quorum, the committee was again reformed, and brought to a vote. The Senate amendment increasing the appropriation was now concurred in by a vote of 66 to 60.—five members more than a quorum.—This subject was thus disposed of.

NEW YORK CUSTOM HOUSE.

The next contested item was an appropriation of \$25,000 for furnishing the New York Custom House. This was a Senate amendment upon which Mr. Proffitt, of Indiana, pounced at once, contending that the money had been expended in violation of all law and forms of law.

The items of the bill were next considered for the purpose of showing that they were enormous and extravagant, and particularly the item of \$8,000 for bronzing and painting the New York Custom House.

THE NEWPORT MERCURY.

NEWPORT.

SATURDAY, MAY 14, 1842.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

The General Assembly of this State, convened in this town, by adjournment, on Wednesday. About 10 o'clock the steambot Providence arrived from Providence with the Governor and many of the Assembly, and a quorum was formed at half past 10.

Several petitions for sale of real estate, and some accounts were received, and referred, when.

On motion of Mr. Clarke, the House adjourned to 3 o'clock, P. M.

The House met at 3 o'clock.

The following communication from his Excellency the Governor, was received.

Gentlemen of the Senate, and Gentlemen of the House of Representatives:

Pursuant to the resolutions making a requisition upon the General Government, passed at the present session of the General Assembly, I authorized Hon. Richard K. Randolph and Hon. Elisha R. Potter, to proceed to Washington, and lay the resolutions before the President. They have discharged the duty with which they were charged, and have returned with a communication from the President of the United States, which I herewith lay before the General Assembly.

SAMUEL W. KING.

After an hour's debating, the following resolution was offered by Mr. Cranston, and passed.

Resolved by the General Assembly, (the Senate concurring with the House of Representatives therein,) That His Excellency the Governor be requested to issue his Proclamation, making known the letter received by him from the President of the United States, to the people of this State, and to cause a Proclamation to be issued, and a sufficient number of copies thereof, to be printed and distributed among the citizens of said State.

Several petitions were received and referred to appropriate committees.

The House then adjourned to 9 o'clock to-morrow morning.

THURSDAY, May 12.—The House met at 9 o'clock, the Speaker in the Chair.

The petition of Daniel Langworthy and Ira and Wait D. Sherman, for sale of real estate, and of the Warren Artillery for charter, were granted and act passed.

Resolutions were passed continuing the Governor's Council until further action of the Assembly.

A communication was received from the Governor enclosing resolutions from New York respecting the Post Office Department. Referred to Messrs. Bosworth and Ames.

The House then took a recess till half past eleven o'clock.

The prayer of the petition of Wm. Davis was then granted and the vote passed.

The prayer of the petition of Samuel Brownell was granted and vote passed.

The House then adjourned till three o'clock.

AFTERNOON.—The House met at 3 o'clock.

The two Houses joined in Grand Committee for the purpose of continuing the election.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS FOR PROVIDENCE COUNTY.

Thomas Burgess, Chief; Zuriel Potter, Daniel Howard, Sheldon Knight, Josiah Westcott.

Alfred Arnold was added to the justices in Cumberland.

Richard Sherman was added to the justices in Portsmouth.

Samuel Brown, James M. Clarke, and Barzillai Cranston were added in Providence.

Horace Martin was added in Scituate. Wm. A. Bent was added to the notaries in the county of Newport.

Daniel Sprague was added to the notaries in the county of Providence.

Alphonso Greene was elected brigadier general of the 4th brigade.

William H. Driscoll was elected major of the 4th regiment of the 1st brigade.

The Grand Committee then rose, and a resolution was passed authorizing the General Treasurer to borrow a sum not exceeding \$10,000, if necessary.

A committee was appointed to audit the General Treasurer's accounts.

A resolution was passed, appropriating the salaries of the Governor and Lieutenant Governor for the past year.

The Assembly then adjourned to meet in Newport on the third Monday in June next.

The following are the President's Letter, and Governor King's Proclamation:

BY HIS EXCELLENCY

SAMUEL WARD KING.

Governor, Captain General, and Commander in Chief of the State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations.

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, the President of the United States has transmitted to me a communication touching the political affairs of this State, a copy whereof is herewith annexed:

I do therefore issue this my Proclamation, to make known the same to the people of this State, and more especially to those engaged in treasonable enterprise against the Laws and Government thereof, that they may give heed thereto, and govern themselves accordingly.

In testimony whereof, I have caused the seal of said State to be affixed to these Presents, and have signed the same with my hand.

Given at Newport, on the eleventh [A. D.] of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-two, and of the Independence of the United States of America the sixty-sixth.

SAMUEL WARD KING.

By His Excellency's command

HENRY BOWEN, Secretary of State.

WASHINGTON CITY, }
May 7th, 1842. }

To the Governor of the State of Rhode Island:

SIR:—

Your letter of the 4th inst. transmitting resolutions of the Legislature of Rhode Island, informing me that there existed in that State, certain lawless assemblages of a portion of the people, for the purpose of subverting the laws and overthrowing the existing Government, and calling upon the Executive authority to interfere the power and authority of the United States, to suppress such insurrectionary and lawless assemblages, and to support the existing government and laws, and protect the State from domestic violence, was handed me yesterday by Messrs. Randolph and Potter. I have to inform your Excellency, in reply, that my opinions as to the duties of this Government, to protect the State of Rhode Island against domestic violence, remain unchanged.—Yet from information received by the Executive, since your despatches came to hand, I am led to believe that the lawless assemblages to which reference is made, have already dispersed, and that the danger of domestic violence is hourly diminishing, if it has not wholly disappeared. I have with difficulty brought myself at any time to believe that violence would be resorted to, or an exigency arise which the unaided power of the State could not meet, especially as I have from the first felt persuaded that your Excellency, as well as others associated with yourself in the administration of the Government, would exhibit a temper of conciliation as well as of energy and decision. To the insurgents themselves it ought to be obvious when the excitement of the moment shall have passed away, that changes achieved by regular, and if necessary, repeated appeals to the constituted authorities, in a country so much under the influence of public opinion, and by recourse to argument and remonstrance, are more likely to ensure lasting blessings than those accomplished by violence and bloodshed on one day, and liable to be overthrown by similar agents on another.

I freely confess that I should experience great reluctance in employing the military power of this Government, against any portion of the people, but however painful the duty, I have to assure your Excellency, that if resistance is made to the Execution of the laws of Rhode Island by such force as the civil power shall be unable to overcome, it will be the duty of this Government to enforce the constitutional guarantee, a guarantee given and adopted mutually by all the original States, of which number Rhode Island was one, and which in the same way has been given and adopted by each of the States since admitted into the Union; and if an exigency of lawless violence shall actually arise, the Executive Government of the United States, on the application of your Excellency under the authority of the resolutions of the Legislature already transmitted, will stand ready to succour the authorities of the State in their efforts to maintain a due respect for the laws. I sincerely hope, however, that no such exigency may occur, and that every citizen of Rhode Island will manifest his love of peace and good order, by submitting to the laws, and seeking a redress of grievances by other means than intestine commotions.

I tender to your Excellency, assurances of my distinguished consideration.

JOHN TYLER.

The Jewish Cemetery.

The long contemplated improvement of this ancient burial ground, was commenced on Tuesday last. We understand the contract was taken by Mr. Rogers, Architect of Boston, who prepared the materials during the winter, and the whole work will be completed in about two months. The improvements will consist of a substantial granite wall on the east and north sides and an ornamental cast iron fence, with a stone basement of fine cut Quincy granite, on Touro and Kay streets.—The Gateway or Portal, will be of the Egyptian order and will front on Touro street, with an ascent of four granite steps.—There will be within the enclosure two Theban Obelisks and one Egyptian Baluster Pedestal.

The work when finished will be highly ornamental to that part of the town. The whole expense will be upwards of \$11,000 which is defrayed by the munificence of Judah Touro Esq of New Orleans.

The Town Hall.

The alteration of the old Theatre into a Town Hall, has been completed under the direction of the Committee appointed for that purpose, at an expense of about two thousand dollars. The Hall is a neat and commodious room, 61 feet in length, by 28 feet wide, with a gallery on three sides.—The height, 18 feet in the highest part, and it is supposed will accommodate about 500 persons. There will be two entrances, one on the north and one on the south side of the building. The Hall is to be opened for the first time this evening, when a poem will be delivered by Mr. Wm. M. Rodman of Providence, and there will be singing by the Temperance Choir.

The Ladies Companion.—We have received from the Publishers the May number of this popular periodical. Its embellishments are first "Deer Stalking" a fine engraving representing a scene in the Forest of Mar in Scotland of a sport peculiar to that country, "The young Musician" which represents a young girl standing on tiptoe at the piano forte, and a plate of the Fashions.—Its literary contents will not suffer in comparison with any former number.

Arrests.—Hezekiah Willard, a State Senator, and Benjamin Arnold a Representative under the "People's Constitution" have been arrested at Providence on a charge of treason against the State and held to bail, the former in the sum of \$10,000 and the latter in the sum of \$4000.

A warrant was also issued against Welcome B. Sayles who acted as Speaker of the House, but having been permitted by the officer to go to Woonsocket, he was rescued by his friends and has not since been taken.

The Warrant issued against Mr. Dorr, was not executed, he having left the State.

RESIGNATIONS.—The members of the "People's Legislature" appear to be daily resigning their seats, in addition to those mentioned in our last. James Yeaw, of Scituate, W. F. Thornton, of Providence, W. P. Arnold and T. G. Hazard of Westerly, and Sidney S. Tillinghast of East Greenwich, have publicly announced their resignation.

SALE OF A REVENUE CUTTER.—Messrs. Thos. W. Sears & Co. sold by auction yesterday, by order of the Government, the Rev. cutter Vigilant, lately on the Newport station. The vessel brought \$2800 cash, her armament, &c. \$20 more. The vessel was 102 1-2 tons, a beautiful craft, about 30 years old and is said to be a very fast sailer. There was much competition at the sale which drew together nearly 2000 persons.—(Boston Daily Advertiser.)

Seizures.—Three several importations of crushed sugar, valued at \$50,000, shipped from London to New York, for the purpose of re-shipment to the Mediterranean, where such sugars are admitted at a less duty from the U. States than from England, have been seized at the latter port, because the packages contain less than 600 pounds each. The ships have been released.

Municipal Election.—The election for Municipal Officers of Providence took place on Wednesday. Thomas M. Burgess was re-elected Mayor, the same Common Council as that of last year, with two or three exceptions was re-elected.

New York City.—The New York papers give accounts of strange proceedings, at the organization of the new city government on Tuesday. It will be recollected that at the late election, the Whigs claimed a majority of one in each ward; but in consequence of the loss of the votes in one of the districts of the Sixth ward, the Inspectors refused to return any person as elected. In consequence both parties have organized separate boards, one by admitting the claimants to their seats, and the other by allowing the old members to hold over.

The correspondent of the N. Y. Journal of Commerce writes from Washington, under the date of May 10, as follows:—

Important as to Rhode Island.

I learn that the President has determined to institute a Commission to settle the Rhode Island question. Two members of his Cabinet—probably Mr. Webster and Mr. Upshur—are to go to Rhode Island. There are to be three commissioners of the Suffrage party, and three of the Charter Government. If the State Commissioners do not agree, the two members of the Cabinet, representing on their part, the Federal Government, are to be the Umpires. The proposition has been acceded to, by the Rhode Island members, and by the Suffrage commissioners here.

Wise and Stanley.—Another unpleasant affair has taken place between these gentlemen. We copy the following from a New York paper:—

WASHINGTON, May 8.

More cause of quarrel in the case of Stanley and Wise. Yesterday both went to the race course, and at the close of the race it happened, very unfortunately, that both of them mounted their horses to return at the same moment, and near the same place. Starting off together, before they could separate to find more congenial company, a large puddle in the middle of the road compelled them to approximate, just after a carriage had passed between them, at which Stanley's horse, a very clumsy, awkward draught horse, suddenly shied, before his rider could check him, and ran against Wise's horse, so that the legs of both the riders were brought in collision, and thrown out of the stirrup at that side.

Stanley's horse shot ahead, but was checked by his rider, who was just turning to apologize to Wise for the unintentional collision, when he received a blow on the right side of his head just above the temple, from Wise, who struck him from behind, with a heavy lead ball, mounted on the end of a rattan—a very fashionable weapon here. For a few moments, Stanley was so stunned as to be almost blinded, and he with difficulty recovered his senses, and then but imperfectly. He had no weapon whatever, not even a riding whip or stick, though it is evident that Wise came prepared to take advantage of any convenient opportunity for an assault.

Stanley, partially recovering his senses, said, "You have done a cowardly act in striking me a blow from behind my back while I was unarmed. The collision of our horses was unintentional on my part, and I was about to say so, when you assaulted me." Wise answered, "I called you a coward the other day in the House, and now I have struck you. If you can put up with that, do so." The rush of a crowd of people upon them prevented any blows from passing, which would have been difficult, even without and interference, as both of them were on horseback.

Wise evidently has been determined to force a challenge from Stanley, all this week; and he has probably succeeded.—It is now generally believed that murder will come out of it, in the usual forms of "chivalry."

The great race on Long Island between Boston and Fashion on Tuesday, for a purse of forty thousand dollars, resulted in the defeat of Boston. The first heat, four miles, was run in 7 min. 35 seconds. Second heat, 7 min. 33 sec.—Boston is a Virginia horse, and Fashion is owned in New Jersey. It is estimated that sixty or seventy thousand people witnessed the race.

LATER AND HIGHLY IMPORTANT FROM FLORIDA.

Halleck Tustenuggee with his whole band are in.

Correspondence of the Savannah Republican.

PALATKA, May 4.

Gentlemen:—I have to inform you that the glorious news has just been received through Maj. Belknap that Halleck Tustenuggee and party have surrendered to Col. Worth at Fort McClure, in all right, including twenty-six warriors.—Several Creeks and Sam Jones' people are among them.

CAMPBACHY.—The United States Consul of Campachy, it is stated in the New Orleans Bee, has left that city in consequence of ill health, or some other cause. The people of Yucatan were much divided upon the question of their relations to Mexico, the impression being that the articles of agreement binding Yucatan to furnish money to Texas to carry on the war against Mexico, would be rescinded. Santa Anna's partisans were confident of this result; while those in favor of the separate independence of Yucatan are said to be wavering and in fear.

POLICE COURT: FORGERY AND CONSPIRACY TO DEFRAUD.—Constable Clapp, entered a complaint against John J. Hannald, alias John J. Newman, alias Wm. L. Everington, and Charles S. Brown and Jesse W. Nichols, wherein Hannald was charged with forging sundry promissory notes and orders; to the amount of more than twenty thousand dollars, and with conspiring with Brown and Nichols to defraud Abbot Lawrence, and many others. Hannald is now in prison at Newport, under sentence from the United States Court. Brown and Nichols were had before the Police Court, and on motion of the Commonwealth's Attorney, Samuel B. Parker Esq., Brown was to be used as a witness. Nichols said he did not wish any examination here, and desired to be bound over to answer without any examination. He was required, at the request of the public prosecutor, to find bail in the sum of two thousand dollars, to answer at the June Term of the Court of Common Pleas, in Bristol County. Brown was required to find bail in the sum of five hundred dollars, to appear in the case as a witness. They were both committed.

Brown and Nichols were brought from jail on a complaint previously made by Constable William O. Russell, of New Bedford. They were charged with the forgery of the name of Abbot Lawrence as endorser of a note for eight thousand nine hundred dollars. In this case they were again required to find bail for examination at a future day.

The history of Hannald is said to be somewhat eventful. He was convicted of forgery in London, but by a stratagem succeeded in escaping from those having the custody of him, and came to this country. He has been twice in Sing Sing, and is now a prisoner at Newport.

American Prisoners Released.—The West India Royal Mail steamship Teviot, touched at the Balize, on Wednesday evening, from Vera Cruz. Letters received by her bring the gratifying intelligence of the release of eight of the American prisoners of the Santa Fe Expedition. Mr. Kendall being one of them. The particulars of their release we have not ascertained. Gen. Thompson had reached Mexico some days before, and it was thought that his active and decided course had effected their liberation.

Delirium Tremens.—This terrible malady, the consequence of free continued indulgence in intoxicating drinks, may be effectually cured by giving the patient a strong decoction of wormwood, taken as hot as it can be borne, and repeated until the agitation subsides, and sleep is obtained. —*Mercantile Journal.*

SMOKING.—All physicians agree in pronouncing the use of tobacco to be injurious. There is no people, among whom it is used so intemperately as it is by the Germans. And their most eminent physicians have declared that the practice of smoking is one of the most efficient causes of the tendency of that nation to the disease of the lungs. It is estimated that one half of the men, between the ages of 18 and thirty-five, who die, are killed by the practice of smoking. Let smokers think of this. —*Lowell Advertiser.*

A CHILD IN THE CANAL.—TUESDAY RESCUE.—On Thursday evening, as Wm. Smith, carman, was passing the canal near the Weigh Lock, he discovered a tremulousness in the water, as though something were struggling therein. Scanning the matter more closely, he saw the hands of a child just above the surface, grasping, as if in a last appeal for aid—a last effort to cling to life. Mr. Smith instantly plunged in, and bore the sinking, drowning body to the shore. It proved to be that of a child about three years old, and when laid on the bank, had every appearance of being dead. By opportune exertion it was restored, and taken to its mother, whose name we did not learn. A few moments more, and the struggling victim would have sunk in death, unnoticed and alone.

[*Rochester Daily Ad.*]

AN ODD BET.—A story is circulated in London, that a lady, for a bet of £2,000, has engaged, within a twelvemonth, to paper a room of large dimensions with postage stamps which have been used; and that the £2,000 is to be given to various charities.

The Sugar Planters in Louisiana are to hold a Convention on the 16th inst. at Baton Rouge. In their circular, they propose to take into consideration "the prostrated state of the sugar trade, and to devise means to avert the total ruin of one of the most important interests of the State, involving an outlay of \$52,000,000, and embracing in its ramifications every branch of industry of the United States."

A HUMAN BEING IN A PORK BARREL.—A human barrel, which had been standing for some months under a shed, in Buffalo, was opened on the 3d inst. and found to contain the bones and body of a human being, apparently the size of a man. There was some pork packed upon the top of the barrel. No discovery has been made as to where the barrel came from.

THE WHEAT CROP. throughout the State of Illinois, observes the *Alton Telegraph* of the 30th ult., never looked more promising than now; and, unless great changes take place for the worse, Illinois will yield, this season, double the quantity of wheat ever before produced within her borders.

The National Intelligencer of the 9th contains the following:

EXTENSIVE MAIL ROBBERY.—ARREST OF THE CRIMINAL.—Circumstances having led to the suspicion that a man named Thomas Bell, formerly driver of the mail wagon between the Railroad Depot and City Post Office, had stolen several of the mail bags, containing letters sent from Philadelphia and other places to Washington, the suspected mail robber was arrested last Saturday at Baltimore by police officer Hays, and examined before Justice Snyder. From the confession of the prisoner it appeared that he was guilty of the offence imputed to him; he was therefore committed by the magistrate and conveyed to this city yesterday by the earliest morning train in custody of Mr. Hays. Being again examined yesterday before Samuel Stettinius, Esq., the prisoner was fully committed for trial at the next Criminal Court on his own voluntary confession.

MELANCHOLY DEATH.—Wilson, a son of John Thompson, was out turkey hunting on the 30th ult. and whilst in the act of stepping over a log, he was bit by a rattlesnake on the hind part of his leg, just about the ankle. As soon as he discovered the snake he shot it, and ran home as fast as he could. Having run nearly half a mile, he fell in the road near a small branch. Wanting water very much and not being able to walk, he rolled over until he got to the branch, and drank as much as he wanted. He was not discovered until about 2 o'clock, P. M. when he was in a most horrid condition, the blood having settled about his eyes, and every muscle and sinew in a perpetual motion, though he was not much swelled. When found he was in his right mind, though he appeared to be insensible of his misery, and said he would soon be well again. He expired without a struggle, about twenty-four hours after he was bit. —*Raleigh (N. C.) Star.*

DESPATCHES.—In the *Sébasté* a day or two ago, Mr. Buchanan said that while he was Ambassador at St. Petersburg, his despatches from Washington, sent by mail, were regularly opened by every European Government through whose territory they passed—so that when they reached him the eagle on the seal so formally affixed, looked like a turkey-buzzard. No European Government thought of sending despatches by mail.

Honorable Murder.—Mr. Pichot, Judge of the Parish of Assumption, in Louisiana, was killed in a duel on the 29th ult., with R. C. Martin, a lawyer residing in the neighborhood. They fought at ten paces, and Judge Pichot was killed at the first fire. Judge Pichot is represented as a man of fine talents, and much respected and esteemed—but his appointment as Judge was unpopular among certain persons, who tried to induce him to resign. This proving unsuccessful, twenty citizens of the parish agreed to cast lots, in order to determine which of them should insult him so grossly as to compel him to fight, or lose his caste in society. The lot fell on Mr. Martin, who took an opportunity, at a public dinner, to throw in the face of the Judge a glass of wine. The Judge, in accordance with the chivalrous custom of the South, challenged the ruffian, and in seeking satisfaction, was killed agreeably to the arrangement!

HARBOR DEFENCES.—The Buffalo Commercial Advertiser mentions the experiments of Captain Taylor in the use and application of a suit of submarine armor and of a rocket designed to explode under water. On Wednesday last a large number of citizens of Buffalo witnessed these experiments. Captain Taylor put on the armor and went to the bottom of the lake, where he travelled about for some minutes, when, at the request of the company, he was drawn up. A large yawl boat was then anchored a few rods from the steamboat, and one of Captain Taylor's rockets placed a few feet below its bottom, to which a slow match being attached, was lighted, and a most magnificent explosion shortly took place, throwing up a large body of water, and tearing the boat into a thousand splinters, many of which were thrown from twenty to sixty feet into the air. This last was a very beautiful sight, and fully established the efficiency with which these rockets might be used in blowing up hostile vessels in case of war.

John Billman has been arrested and committed to prison in Clinton township, Mercer county, Pa., on suspicion of having murdered his father, Henry Billman, an old and respectable man, by hanging him to a bedpost. At first it was supposed the old gentleman committed suicide; but subsequent developments led to a different conclusion.

Launch of a War Steamer.—The U. S. steamer, on Lieut. Hunter's plan, will be launched from the Navy Yard, Gosport, Va. at high water on Thursday next.

MEDIATION.—A resolution has passed both Houses of the Legislature of Connecticut, authorizing the appointment of a committee to inquire into the expediency of offering the mediation of that State to the contending parties in Rhode Island for the settlement of their difficulties. The Hon Messrs Chapman, Woodworth, and Bissell, have been appointed the committee.

At Cincinnati on the 30th ult., sales of Flour were made at \$4.25 per barrel. Sales of 84 kegs of Lard at 4c.

Mr. John B. Davis, of Danville, Illinois riding out, a few days ago, was thrown from his horse, and his neck was broken. He was to be married next day, and the clergyman who had been requested to attend the ceremonies of the wedding attended the services of the funeral on that day.

The accounts from Rochester represent the wheat crops in that section of the country, recovering from the sickly appearance they at first exhibited, and affording a prospect of a more abundant harvest than has been pronounced for ten or fifteen years past.

DROWNED. We learn from the Lowell Advertiser, that on drawing off the water from the canal in that city, the body of a young woman named Comstock, an operative in one of the Lawrence Mills, was found. She had been missing since the morning of the 1st inst., when she left her boarding house alone, on a Maying excursion. The body of a boy, aged five years, who was drowned on Friday last, was also found.

BRIGHTON MARKET, Monday, May 9. Reported for the Boston Daily Advertiser

At Market, 320 Beef Cattle, 250 Sheep, 15 pairs Working Oxen, 20 Cows and calves, and 1250 swine.

Prices.—Beef Cattle.—Last week's prices for a like quality were not sustained. A few extra \$5.75 and 600. First quality \$5.50 a 5.62 second quality \$5.50 a 5.62 third quality \$4.50 a 5.25.

Working Oxen.—No sales noticed.

Cows and calves.—Sales at \$22, 24, 26, and 30.

Sheep.—Lots were sold from \$2.25, 4.50.

Swine.—Lots to peddle at 3 1/2 a 3.34 for Sows, and 4 1/2 a 4 3/4 for Barrows; Large Barrows at 4c. At retail from 4 1/2 to 6c.

MARRIED.

In this town, on Sunday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Smith, Mr. THOMAS COREY, to Miss MARY WATSON, all of this town.

DIED.

In this town on Thursday morning last, Mrs. MERIBETH, wife of Mr. Benjamin Oliver, aged 57 years.

In Providence, on the 4th inst. Mrs. C. E. LINDA, wife of Mr. Dennis Steere, of Gloucester, and daughter of Mr. Wm. Thurber, in the 30th year of her age. —On Sunday evening, HARRIET FRANCES daughter of Henry J. Burroughs, aged 13 months and 3 days. —On Monday, Mrs. ZEREAH S., wife of Mr. Wm. N. Douglass.

At Pawtucket on Saturday last, suddenly, Mr. STEPHEN JACQUES of this town.

In Washington City, on the 4th inst. Mrs. CAROLINE S., wife of Lieut. Wm. R. Taylor, U. S. N., of this town, and daughter of Gould S. Siliman, Esq. of Brooklyn, N. Y.

In Vicksburg, Miss, on the 6th ult., after a short but severe illness, Mr. WILLIAM MOORE, (eldest son of Mr. Henry Moore of this town,) for several years a citizen and merchant of Vicksburg and formerly of Norfolk, Va.

Mr. Moore was long a citizen of Vicksburg; and in his death, society has been deprived of a valuable member, and his associates of a kind devoted friend. The patron of every good work; he was ever highly esteemed for his many virtues—valued for his correct business habits, and admired for his amiable disposition and courteous deportment in all the civilities of social intercourse.

MERCURY MARINE LIST.

Port of Newport.

ARRIVED.

SUNDAY, May, 8th.

Sch'r Molly, Rogers, from Bath for Providence; Morning Star, Nickerson, from do for do; Edgington, Pratt, from Boston, with granite for the Jews Burial Ground; Caroline, Winslow, from Fall River for Charleston, S. C.; Lucy & Abigail, Baker, from Calais for Providence; Enterprise, Colt, from do for do; Escort, Bryant, from do for New York; Mary, Plumer, from do for do; Daniel, Kelly, from Kenneboc.

Sloops Rienzi, Durfee, from Providence; Providence, Brown, from Providence for New York.

Passed up, P. M., ship North America, of and for Warren. The N. A. sailed from Warren 30th ult., for the Indian Ocean.

Sailed—Brig Octavia, Brightman, for Georgetown.

MONDAY, May, 9th.

Sloop Herald, Thompson, from Providence.

Sailed—Sch'r's Escort, Mary, and Caroline—Sloop Providence.

TUESDAY, May, 10th.

Sch'r's Volant, Chase, from Providence for Dennis; Macdonough, Smully, from Cape Ann for New York; Cotuit, Nickerson, for Barnstable for do; James C. Hatfield, Ingleson, from Fall River for do; Leopard, Martin, from Sullivan, Me., with lumber, for a market, with loss of gbl; Star, Ward, from Boston for Bridgeport.

Brig Levant, Webster, from St. Marys, Ga. for Sag Harbor.

WEDNESDAY, May, 11th.

Sch'r's Export, Gardiner, from New York.

Sloop Massicot, Brown, from Fall River for New York.

Passed up this afternoon a full rigged Brig.

Sch'r Batavia, Gilkey, from Baltimore, with pine Wood to the master; Herald, Scudder, from Boston for Providence.

Sch'r's Concord, Pitman, 13 days from Havana, with molasses to Capt. J. Stanhope. Went ashore near the Dumphries, in the storm on Wednesday night, and will be a total loss. The cargo was insured at the American Office, in Providence for \$4000. No insurance on the vessel.

THURSDAY, May 12th

Brig Annawan, Wade, from Fall River for Charleston S. C.

Sloops Amity and Moses Eddy, from Providence for New York.

Sch'r's Charles Richmond, Raymond, for Taunton for New York.

Sloops Oscar, Presberry, for do for do; Republic, Soul, from New Bedford for do.

FRIDAY, May 13th

Sailed Brig Annawan, Wade, for Charleston, S. C.

ENTERED.

Sch'r Batavia, Gilkey, Baltimore.

MARINE MEMORANDA.

Cid at Mobile, 27th ult., sch'r Virginian, Burroughs, Providence.

Sid from Savannah, 1st inst., sch'r Franklin Green, Smith, for Havana.

Sailed from Boston, 4th inst., brig Confedence, Bailey, for Pictou, to load Coal for Fall River.

Cid at New York, 5th, sch'r Volusia, Clarke, Newburgh, N. C.

At Rio Janeiro, March 24th, sch'r Ohio, Smiley, sailing.

Arr at New York, 7th, brig Echo, Messer, 12 days from Havana.

WHALERS.

Arr at Fall River, 2d brig Leonidas, Baker, Atlantic Ocean, 360 bbls oil.

Arr at Boston, 31, barque Imogho, Atkins, Bay of Mexico, 400 bbls oil.

Weekly Almanac.

1842.	Sun	Sun	Moon	High
MAJ.	ris.	sets.	ris.	water
14 Saturday,	4 48	7 12	11 34	11 17
15 Sunday,	4 47	7 13	11 30	af 22
16 Monday,	4 46	7 14	11 10	1 10
17 Tuesday,	4 45	7 15	10 39	1 56
18 Wednesday,	4 43	7 15	1 8	2 45
19 Thursday,	4 44	7 16	1 32	3 34
20 Friday,	4 43	7 17	1 57	4 24

Moon's first Qr. 17th 7h 2m Morning.

Metereological Diary

FOR APRIL, 1842.

Thermom	WINDS.	GENERAL ASPECT OF THE WEATHER.
APRIL		
1 23 33	NW	Clear Clear Clear
2 34 35	SW	Cloudy Cloudy Clear
3 35 38	SW NE	Cloudy Rain Rain
4 36 40	NE	Rain Rain Rain
5 40 46	NE	Rain Cloudy Cloudy
6 38 52	NE	Clear Clear Clear
7 40 48	SW	Clear Clear Clear
8 41 46	SE	Cloudy rain rain
9 38 42	SE	Cloudy Cloudy Rain
10 36 42	SE	Rain Rain Cloudy
11 38 42	SW	Cloudy Cloudy Clear
12 40 44	SW	Clear Clear Clear
13 36 48	NE	Clear Cloudy Cloudy
14 36 46	NE	Rain Cloudy Cloudy
15 40 42	SW	Clear Clear Cloudy
16 40 42	SW	Clear Clear Clear
17 38 42	NE	Clear Clear Cloudy
18 40 44	NE	Rain Rain Rain
19 40 46	NE	Rain Rain Rain
20 40 46	NE	Rain Cloudy Cloudy
21 40 44	SW	Clear Clear Clear
22 38 40	SW	Clear Clear Clear
23 40 46	NE	Cloudy Clear Clear
24 40 44	NE	Cloudy Clear Clear
25 40 44	NE	Cloudy Cloudy Cloudy
26 42 46	NE	Cloudy Clear Cloudy
27 40 46	NE	Clear Clear Clear
28 40 46	NE	Clear Clear Cloudy
29 40 46	NE	Clear Clear Clear
30 40 46	W SW	Clear Clear Clear

Mean average of this Month, 44 23

Mean do of April last Year, 40 86

Mean do of April 1827, the warmest, 43 34

Mean do of April 1832, the coolest, 40 86

Mean do in same time,

From our table it will be seen that this month has been nearly 4 degrees warmer than the corresponding month last year, which was the coldest in 21 years, and 4 degrees cooler than April 1837, the warmest in 25 years. The early part of this month was very pleasant, but towards the last it was cooler and more blustering.

Laws of Rhode Island.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

In General Assembly, May Session, A. D. 1842.

AN ACT to adjourn the May term of the Supreme Judicial court, for the county of Washington.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

SECTION 1. The Supreme Judicial Court which by law is to be holden at South Kingstown, within and for the county of Washington, on the second Monday of May, 1842, shall be and the same is hereby adjourned to the last Monday of said May; and all business now standing continued from the last term of said court shall and may be proceeded in and finished by the court to be holden by adjournment as aforesaid.

SEC. 2. All writs, appeals, returns, recognizances, executions, summonses, and other processes and proceedings returnable to, or to be entered at said court, already issued, taken or commenced, or which may be issued, taken or commenced prior to the time to which said court is by this act adjourned, shall be returnable and entered at the term of said court, which shall be holden by virtue of this act.

True copy—witness,

HENRY BOWEN, Sec'y.

SAMUEL W. BUTLER,

M. D. and SURGEON,

HAS RECENTLY OPENED HIS OFFICE, 62 THAMES STREET, where he can be found at all times.

MEDICINES

of all kinds at 62 Thames street.

Newport, May 14, 1842-1y.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having relinquished the Dry Good business requests all those that are indebted to him to call at No 137, directly opposite where he formerly kept and settle their accounts, and all those having demands to present them for settlement by the first of June.

JAMES PHILLIPS.

Newport April 23, 1842.

PROBATE NOTICES.

CLERK'S OFFICE.

Court of Probate, Newport, May, 23.

WHEREAS application was made for an Administrator to be appointed on the estate of

THOMAS WANTON,

late of Newport, colored man, Mariner, who has been absent from this State over three years, and not heard from during that time.

It is ordered, That the same be received, and the consideration thereof be referred to a Court of Probate, to be holden at the Town Hall in Newport, on the first Monday in June next, at 9 o'clock A. M. and that previous notice be given by publishing a copy of this Order 3 several times in the *Newport Mercury*, for all persons interested to appear at said time and place, and be heard.

By Order,

B. B. HOWLAND, Probate Clerk.

Court of Probate, Little Compton, May, 9.

WHEREAS application was made for an Administrator to be appointed on the Estate of

GEORGE BAILEY,

It is ordered, that the same be received and the consideration thereof be referred to a Court of Probate to be held at the Town Hall in Little Compton on the 2d Monday of June next, at one o'clock P. M. and that previous notice be given by publishing a copy of this order three several times in the *Newport Mercury*, for all persons interested to appear at said time and place and be heard.

by order

OTIS WILBOR, Probate Clerk

Rich Tufted Rugs.

25 Tufted Rugs, of elegant patterns and superior quality, bought at auction in New York, last week, and for sale at about half price, by

WM. C. COZZENS & CO.

May 14.

New Independent Line, For NEW-YORK.

CABIN PASSAGE \$2 DECK \$1.50.

THE ELEGANT and Commodious Steamboat

Cleopatra,

CAPT. J. K. DUSTAN,

will leave Newport on MONDAY EVENING next, at about 8 o'clock.

Regular days of leaving Newport, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.—New York from Peck Ship, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

For further information enquire of CHARLES N. TILLEY, No. 142 Thames street, Newport.

Passengers for Providence by this arrangement, can go and return the same day, and have a whole day in Providence.

N. B. All persons are forbid trusting any one, on account of the above boat or owners.

[April 16.]

Newport Exchange Bank.

At a meeting of the Stockholders held at the Bank on Monday May 29 1842 the following named persons were elected Directors for the ensuing year, viz:—David S. Holloway, Israel F. Lake, Nathan Hammett, Samuel Carr, Thomas Fowler, and John Sterne.

At a meeting of the Directors, the same day, Nathan Hammett, Esq. was elected president, JOHN STERNE, Cashier.

May 3, 1842.—3w.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS my son WILLIAM C. STODDARD, having commenced business on his own account, I have this day relinquished to him all claims I may have on him during his minority and shall not hold myself liable for any dealings he may have from this date.

JOHN H. STODDARD

Newport April 29, 1842.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced the BUTCHERING BUSINESS in its various branches at the Slaughter House of John H. Stoddard in Spruce street, where he will be pleased to wait on all who will favor him with their custom.

WM. C. STODDARD.

Newport May, 7.

\$10 REWARD.

STOLEN on Monday or Tuesday night last, from the Carriage House at Mrs. Harper's Cottage in the south part of the town, a set of dark mounted Carriage Harness about half worn, the turrets and bits a little rusted. Any person who can give information that will lead to the detection of the thief and recovery of the property, shall receive the above reward. Information may be left at this office.

[May 7.]

JUST LANDED.

200 CASKS fresh "Birds eye" LIME, every Cask of which will be warranted to be well filled, and to contain the best quality of Lime. For sale by PECKHAM, BULL & CO.

April 30.—1f

SALES AT AUCTION.

Sails, Spars, and Rigging.

There will be sold at Public Auction in front of the Custom House, THIS DAY at 11 o'clock, in lots to suit Purchasers,

The Vanished Seasons.

BY RICHARD HOWETT.

When first the snow drop told of flowers,
Of Spring, what busy hopes were ours,
Whilst yet fair nature's folded powers
Were silver cold!

Of April-sweets in sunbow-showers,
And May's flower-gold.

The violet and the primrose fleet,
In their old stations did we meet,
As travellers, passingly who greet,
Just seen and fled:

And then was Spring, that maiden sweet,
A beauty dead.

Then summer came, a matron fair,
Showering June's roses on the air,
With field flowers waving everywhere,
In meadows bright:

With blissful sounds, with visions rare,
A large delight.

How rich the woods! how loud with song!
How glad was nature's heart and strong!
With beams that might not linger long
The Summer shone:

A scythe was heard—a sound of wrong—
And she was gone,

Next sun-burnt Autumn trod the plain,
With ruddy fruits, and rustling grain;
And labouring steed, and loaded wain;
And mirthful cheer:

Then vanished she with all her train,
From stubbles bare.

The light upspringing from the ground,
The light of flowers no more is found;
Nor son of birds, nor stream's glad sound,
May longer flow:

Now winter with dead leaves is crowned,
Where shall we go?

Where gleams the fire on Milton's bust,
Gold bronzing Time insidious rust,
And in strong Shakespeare's light we must
Our joyance take:

And, to the past and present just,
Fresh summer make.

It shall not be a time of gloom!
Gathered from nature's endless bloom,
With happy light will we illumine
The season sad:

And nightly make our winter-room
An Eden glad!



Agricultural.

Work for the Month.

May is a very busy month with the teams of the farmer, and they should therefore receive extra attention and care. In feeding animals, one fact should not be lost sight of; which is, that animals fed on vegetable fibre, such as hay and grass, receive the most carbon, and therefore take on fat and increase in bulk, as carbon is the base of all oils, fat, &c., while animals fed on grain receive the most nitrogen, which forms the base of the muscular part of animals, and gives them their power and endurance. The farmer who expects his horses or oxen to wear well in work must give them grain; otherwise, their flesh will be of a quality that will not endure; and however well they may look at the commencement of labor, their flesh, without muscular consistence and firmness, will go like a spring frost.

If you wish to raise your calves, you may do it without keeping them on new milk. Diminish gradually the quantity of new milk sucked by them, or feed to them, and substitute skimmed milk with a little meal stirred in. Treated in this way, very good calves may be grown, and the new milk saved for butter.

Farmers are too negligent as to the cows they keep. There are many cows which do not pay to the owner the expense of keeping them, and occasion an annual loss. It costs no more to keep a cow that will average nine or ten quarts a day than one that will average only six or seven; and the difference in amount would in the course of the year be a handsome profit. Now is the time to ascertain whether your cows are worth keeping or not; and the farmer should look well to this part of his husbandry.

May is the month in which Indian corn should be planted; and the importance of this crop to the farmer should induce the greatest care to secure a good growth. It is generally planted in hills; and as this allows of culture both ways, it is commonly preferred; but a greater number of plants can be put on an acre if planted in drills; and most of the great crops which have been grown in the country have been produced in this way. Corn will bear heavy manuring; and to this crop and roots the barnyard manure should be applied, rather than directly to grain crops. Dugging in the hill is a bad practice, though corn may sometimes succeed when so planted. A bushel of lime, a bushel of ashes, and a bushel of plaster, mixed together, and a handful dropped in the hill at the time of planting is an excellent application, and will frequently save the crop from the worm, as well as add materially to the amount of the crop.

Perhaps more failures from bad seed occur with corn than with any other crop; and proportionate care should be used in the selection.

The sugar beet has of late received much attention and commendation as an object of field culture for feeding sheep and cows. The seed should be drilled in rows two and a half feet apart, the plants six inches apart in the rows—though this by some is considered close planting—kept clean, thinned if required, and the crop may be estimated at from 600 to 1000 bushels per acre. The sugar beet is good for all store animals, and for milk cows is probably unrivalled, increasing the quantity of the milk, and making butter of the best quality.

The carrot should be sown this month, or as early as the ground is fit for the seed. We have found carrots one of the very best roots for horses, keeping them in fine health and condition, and every farmer knows their value for fattening animals. Their cultivation is like that of the beet; and that man greatly mistakes his true interest who neglects the

culture of roots in his mode of farming.

Everybody cultivates the potato; but there is a vast difference in the product and quality of this root, partly depending on the variety, partly on the soil, and partly on the culture. The best soil for the potato is one rather moist, full of vegetable mold, and loose and friable in its texture. Dry, sandy soils do not yield as good potatoes as moist ones, as the roots are not as thoroughly sealed from air and light, a condition indispensable to their perfection.

It is an excellent plan to remove the grass for a few feet from fruit trees and with a spade to loosen the earth in the spring of the year. Trees will well repay care and attention, by the increase in the quantity and quality of the fruit. If the stems of trees are washed with lye, or whitewash, a vast many insects or their eggs on the bark will be destroyed. Where the borer has made his appearance, apple trees should be examined about the roots, and the grub hunted out and killed. Don't suffer a caterpillar's nest to escape your notice, or destruction. It is easy to kill them while young; but when they leave their nests and scatter over the tree, they cannot be hurt, while the injury they do is immense.

May is a very good month for draining land, planting trees, &c. —*Albany Cultivator.*

NEWPORT DYE-HOUSE.

John H. Clegg

SILK, COTTON, and WOOLLEN DYER.

WOULD respectfully inform his friends and the public, that he has taken the DYE HOUSE, formerly occupied by J. Viner, situated in Tanner street, where he is prepared to dye and finish at 10 days notice in the best manner, the following articles, viz:

Brocade cloths,	Silks,
Cassimeres,	Capes,
Merinos,	Sattins,
Circassians,	Pongees,
Bombazines,	Hosiery
Gloves	&c. &c.

Also, permanent colors on carpet yarns, merino, circassian, bombazine, and crape dresses; gentlemen's woolen garments, such as dress, frock and great coats, suits, vests, and pantaloons—died and pressed without tipping.

He will also clean gentlemen's woolen garments of every description, in a neat style—merino and Cashmere shawls cleaned and whitened, without injury to the border—carpets and woolen table cloths cleaned also.

All articles left at the Dye House in Tanner Street, or the following Agents will receive prompt attention.—A. M. Thomas, Wickford, John Hedley, Portsmouth.

February 19, 1842.

FOR SALE.

THAT Valuable Farm in Portsmouth, within a few rods of Bristol Ferry, containing 61 Acres of good Land.—

Said Farm has on it a convenient Dwelling-House and other out-buildings, and is divided into lots with good stone walls, it is well watered, and has a valuable privilege for sea manure, being bounded for half a mile on the shore; a mine of good coal and one of plumbago have been opened on the farm, and there are indications of its being in abundance.—Said Farm has on it a thriving orchard of selected fruit; and the farm is suitable for a country residence, or for a practical farmer.—An indisputable title will be given. For further information, apply to the subscriber on the premises.

ANDREW MCCORRIE.

Portsmouth, July 3

Valuable FARM for Sale.

The subscriber offers for Sale, the FARM he now occupies, pleasantly situated in Middletown, only 2 1/2 miles from the State-House in Newport, and 1 mile north of Sechavest Beach. It contains about 31 Acres of pasture and tillage Land, and is well watered with never-failing springs. The Farm has on it a good two-story Dwelling-House, barn, crib, and other buildings;—there is also now growing on the Farm, nearly 3000 ornamental & quince trees. The Land is high, affording a very extensive prospect, and for a Summer residence, or for a practical farmer, is not exceeded by any on the Island. For terms, which will be reasonable apply to.

ELIPHAZ BARKER.

Middletown, June 16, 1841.

Hams Smoked.

THE subscriber has erected a brick smoke house in the rear of his house and store No. 109, Thames street, where he will smoke Hams, in prime order, at the customary prices.

J. W. DAVIS.

ALBANY ALE.—Pale and Amber Ale, of superior quality, in barrels and half barrels, just received and for sale by

T. STACY JR.

PERFUMERY.

A Great variety just received and for sale at the Variety Store of

T. STACY, JR.

RED, white and yellow Flannels, twilled and plain. Cheap and good Broadcloths, Pilot Cloths and Cassimeres, by

H. SESSIONS.

Chain Cable and Beef.

A Good second hand one inch Chain Cable, 75 fathoms long; 10 bbls, Mess Beef, to close a concern, will be sold cheap by

C. DEVENS JR.

on Devon's Wharf

A Safe and Certain Cure for SALT RHEUM.



In consequence of the increased demand for Trufant's Compound for cure of Salt Rheum, &c. it is evident that base art, attempts have been made, and are now making, to imitate the article, and enfringe upon his right. He obtained Letters Patent three years since, both for the preparation and name; and all persons are hereby cautioned against infringing upon his right, guaranteed by said Patent, under the severest penalties of the law. Remember the penalty lies against the seller as well as the maker of the article. Never buy it unless it has the written, mind-written signature of the inventor. The content is in tin boxes with the letters "W. B. TRUFANT Patent, Bath, Me." stamped on the cover, all others must be false. That the above medicine is worthy of confidence, is evident from the fact (notwithstanding its opposition) more than

TWELVE THOUSAND

packages have been sold within a short time, giving very general satisfaction where faithfully applied. In fact the continual and almost daily instances of its success which have occurred in this and other States, justified the proprietor in submitting it with increased confidence to the public generally. This remedy is recommended, in addition to Salt Rheum, as good for Ring Worm—Scald Head—Shingles—Leprosy—Piles—Itch—Pimples—and especially so for the Jackson or Barber's itch. As man is heir to humors of a thousand names the ointment itself is frequently used with entire success. Price 50 cts. The internal application is composed of 12 different ingredients, entirely vegetable, and is esteemed highly as a safe and wholesome drink, for persons generally; particularly in the spring season. Price 50 cts. Numerous certificates from distinguished physicians, clergymen and other professional men, from this and other States are in possession of the proprietor, which might be subjoined if necessary. A word to the wise is sufficient.

The undersigned inhabitants of Bath certify that we have used the medicine prepared by William B. Trufant as a remedy for Salt Rheum, and have found it the best we have ever known; and having no doubt that it is a valuable discovery take the liberty to recommend it to all who are afflicted with that inveterate malady.

Daniel Marston,	Nash's Swamy,
Thomas Donnell,	William Gardiner,
Ewell Robinson,	Jessie Russell,
A. L. Stimson,	A. W. Turner,
James Hamilton,	Aaron Donnell,
Henry C. Donnell,	Martin Anderson,
Thos. P. L. Webb,	Elisha Higgins,
Luke Lambar,	H. B. Webb, Jr.

Prepared and sold by the subscriber at his store in Water St. Bath, Maine.

Price—One dollar, with full directions. All letters from abroad must be Post paid, W. B. TRUFANT.

For sale in Newport by my agent, C. N. TILLEY, No 142, Thames street. Oct 23.

N. SWEET.

WILL OPEN on Monday and Tuesday next, a lot of

CHEAP GOODS,

and real Good Bargains will be offered, those who wish to buy will do well to call and the goods will speak for themselves. They will be satisfied and buy, for they are *Amazing Cheap*—Cheap indeed, viz:

Good Carpeting, 50 to 75 cts. per yard. Red figured Boeking, 5-4 wide for only 62 1/2 cts. Calicoes from 6 1/4 to 12 1/2 cts. 4-4 French Calicoes from 20 to 25 cts, and many other articles much lower than commonly found in Newport both of Cotton and Woolen goods with a great variety of cheap goods not mentioned. His old customers and others are respectfully invited to give him a call.

DON'T FORGET THE NUMBER.

April 2.

TO LET,

THAT pleasant and commodious Dwelling

House, in Washington street, owned and formerly occupied, by Hon. Wm. Hunter.—The Estate is in excellent repair and has been occupied for the last five years by Miss Gore as a Boarding-House.—It has a large yard, garden, and an unfailing well of water. It will be Let for One or more years.—For terms, &c. apply to

BENJAMIN FINCH.

Newport, March 13.

HOUSE FOR SALE.

THE HOUSE No. 223, in Thames street, corner of Sanford street, lately repaired, good yard and garden, never failing well of excellent water. Terms easy, half the purchase money may remain on mortgage, if required; title free of all incumbrances. The whole of this Estate will be Let, till sold. Apply to JAMES STEVENS, or JONATHAN T. ALMY.

New Book of Instrumental Music.

MUSICIANS COMPANION, containing 18 complete sets of Collocations, 85 hornpipes, 6 country dances, several marches, quick steps, waltzes, songs, &c. in all about 300 pieces, several of which are in three parts, for the violin, bass viol, clarionet, lute, &c.—also, several new and popular tunes arranged in 6 or 8 parts, for bands—about 100 of the above pieces are original, or first time printed. This immense Collection is now for sale at the low price of \$1 50 cts. at the Book-store of

W. A. BARBER,

No. 140, Thames-st.

150 CASKS fresh Eastern

Lime, for sale by

PECKHAM, BULL & CO.

Feb. 26—g.

REMOVAL.

THE Subscriber has removed his CONFECTIONARY & VARIETY STORE to the one recently occupied by Mr. A. Menage, next south of Mr. James Hammonds Dry Goods store. And he now offers for sale a great variety of Toys, Fancy Goods, and Fancy Baskets. Together with a general assortment of Confectionery at whole sale and retail and on the most reasonable terms.

T. STACY JR.

Dec. 11. 1841.

NEW PRINTS.

NEW Fall Prints just received by H. SESSIONS.

September 4.

For Sale or To Let.

A FARM in Belchertown State of Massachusetts containing 100 Acres of good Land with sufficient buildings in good repair, well proportioned for meadow, pasture and plough land. Said Farm has 3 good bearing orchards with 15 acres of thrifty wood and timber, and is well walled and watered.—The above place if not sold, will be Let and 1 quarter of the rent will be received in improvements on the place. For further particulars enquire of

PARDON SISSON

Portsmouth R. I. Sept. 18, 1841

A NEW article for MOURNING DRESSES. Also, Black Alpines, Blue black Mousseline de Laine, Doilies and Napkins. Just received by

Sept. 11.

H. SESSIONS.

Farm for Sale.

THAT Valuable Farm in Somerset (Mass.) called the Hog Neck Farm, situated about two miles from Slades Ferry, containing 120 Acres of good land, with a Dwelling House, Barn, Crib and other buildings thereon, it is well fenced with Stone Wall, has a fine young Orchard, is well watered, and has a valuable privilege for sea manure. The terms of payment will be made easy for the purchaser.—For further particulars apply to the owners, Alfred and Benjamin Bosworth, Swansea, or H. Gardner, Jr. Somers, N. Sisson on the premises, or to

JOSEPH CHILDS Portsmouth R. I.

Feb. 5.

THE subscriber intending to relinquish the business in which he has so long been engaged, offers for sale the establishment, in Newport, so well known as the

EAGLE HOTEL.

The house was mostly rebuilt in 1836; is 98 feet in length, and 35 in breadth; and contains four parlors, a large and convenient dining hall, and rooms for the comfortable occupancy of seventy boarders. Attached to it there are a garden, outhouses, stables and every desirable convenience. The central position and extensive accommodations of this establishment will always secure for it a full share of public support at all seasons of the year. It will be sold with or without the furniture. For terms, apply to the present proprietor and occupant.

THOMAS TOWNSEND.

Newport, R. I. Sept. 25. 1841.

THE SUBSCRIBER is in want of good Liquor barrels, and will continue to receive them through the season. Grocers and Shopkeepers having the same to dispose of can always receive the full market value, and depend upon having them regularly called for.

N. E. Rum will be kept on hand and for sale at the distillery as heretofore or at my counting room at the lumber yard.

HENRY BULL.

Nov. 13, 1841.

PIANO FORTES.

THE Subscriber, having taken the agency for the sale of Piano Fortes is ready to furnish those in want, at prices that cannot fail to suit. Those who are about purchasing are invited to call at the Variety and Confectionary Store of T. STACY JR., and examine some just received from New York.

Jan. 22.

Mill Street Academy

ARRANGEMENTS have been made with Mr. J. S. GAY, a member of Andover Theological Seminary, to take charge of this Academy about the middle of April next.

Mr. Gay will give particular attention to the Classics, and higher English branches—also, thorough instruction in Elementary Studies. Terms—Classics, per quarter of 12 weeks, \$5.00 Algebra, Geometry, Philosophy and Astronomy, 7.00 Common Branches, 6.00

Newport March 24, 1842.

Fence Lumber.

A FIRST rate assortment of every description, for sale by

PECKHAM, BULL & CO.

Feb. 26.—tf.

FOR SALE,

200 BUSHELS of first quality Turks Island Salt. Apply to

CHARLES DEVENS JR.

January 1.

NOTICE

THE subscribers have this day formed a Co-partnership in business, and have adopted the firm of PECKHAM, BULL, & Co.

JOB A. PECKHAM,

HENRY BULL,

JOHN BULL:

Newport, Feb. 18, 1842.

THE MOST HIGHLY APPROVED MEDICINE NOW IN GENERAL USE FOR COUGHS, COLDS, AND all diseases of the Lungs.

THE VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSM is believed to be deservedly the most popular Medicine ever known in America, for coughs, colds, asthma or phthisis consumption, whooping cough, and Pulmonary affections of every kind.

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsm has been very extensively used for about 15 years; and its reputation has been constantly increasing. So universally popular has this article become that it may now be considered as a standard article in a large part of the United States and British Provinces. Many families keep it constantly by them, considering it the most safe as well as certain remedy for the above complaints. The Proprietors have received, and are receiving numerous recommendations from many of our best Physicians, who make use of it in their practice. The names of a few individuals who have given their testimony in favor of this article, are here subjoined, and for a more full account see the envelope to the bottle.

Amory Hunting, Dr. Samuel Morrill
Dr. Truman Abell, Timothy Baylie,
Jerre Ellsworth, Albert Gould.

CERTIFICATES.

From Dr. Thomas Brown.
Messrs Lowe & Reed, Gent.—The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsm, has been extensively used, in the section of the country where I reside, for several years past and has justly acquired a high reputation in consumptive complaints. So far as my knowledge extends it has never disappointed the reasonable expectation of those who have used it.

THOMAS BROWN, M.D.
Concord, N. H. May 11, 1841.

Messrs Reed, Wing & Cutler—Gentlemen—I feel it a duty I owe the public, and especially to hundreds of my fellow beings who are now suffering under different diseases of the lungs, to give you a statement of the good effects I have experienced from the use of the Vegetable Pulmonary Balsm. Having from my youth up been troubled with different complaints of the lungs, such as spitting of blood, a dry troublesome cough, frequent hoarseness, with severe fits of coughing, and indeed all the symptoms of consumption, and from time to time I have consulted several eminent Physicians, and have taken much medicine, but I received little or no relief, and at last they told me there was no help for me; that my case was beyond the reach of their medicines. In the spring of 1837 I was advised by a friend to try the Vegetable Pulmonary Balsm. I obtained two bottles, and on trial I was surprised to find so sudden and effectual relief which it gave me; and after using it about 3 weeks all my complaints were entirely removed, and I was restored to good health. Since that time I have kept it constantly by me, in case of the appearance of any of the above complaints.

I have known a large number of cases where all other medicines have failed of affording any relief, the Balsm was at length resorted to, & speedily effected a cure. I would therefore recommend it to every person that has any of the above complaints, on their first appearance to take the Vegetable Pulmonary Balsm, which they will find a safe, convenient and positive cure. Respect yours,

T. P. MERRIAM.

New Bedford Mass, July 30, 1841.

Counterfeits, Beware of Imposition! Each genuine bottle is enclosed in a blue wrapper, on which is a yellow label, signed by Wm. JONN. CUTLER. None other can be genuine of a later date than December 1839. The Signature of Sampson Reed; will be continued for a short time.

The great celebrity of the Vegetable Pulmonary Balsm has been the cause of attempts, to introduce spurious articles which by partially assuming the name of the genuine, are calculated to mislead and deceive the public. Among these mixtures are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsm," "American Pulmonary Balsm," "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsm," "Pulmonary Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsm," and others. Purchasers should enquire for the true article by its whole name—The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsm, and see that it has the marks and signatures of the genuine. Each bottle and seal is stamped Vegetable Pulmonary Balsm.

For sale by REED, WING & CUTLER (late Lowe & Reed) wholesale dealers in Drugs, Medicines, Faints and Dye Stuffs, No. 54 Chatham Street, Boston, and by Druggists and country merchants generally in New-England and the principal places throughout the United States and British Provinces.—Price 50 cents.

September 4, 1841

The above Balsm, is for sale in Newport, by R. J. TAYLOR, Agent Newport September 4, 1841.

Marine and Fire Insurance.

THE AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY, Providence, R. I. continue to insure against Loss or Damage by Fire, on Cotton, Woolen, and other Manufactories, Buildings and Merchandise, and also against MARINE RISKS, on favorable terms.—The capital stock is

\$150,000.

All paid in and well invested.—Director elected June 1st, 1840;—

William Rhodes,	Martin Stoddard,
Wilber Kelly,	Solomon Townsend,
Albert R. Stafford,	Nathaniel Bishop,
Amos D. Smith,	George S. Rathbone,
Resolved Waterman,	Caleb Harris and
Shubael Hurlings,	Jabez Bullock,
Ebenezer Kelley,	

Persons wishing for Insurance, are requested to direct their applications (which should be accompanied with particular descriptions of the property) per mail, to the President and Secretary of the Company, and the same will meet with prompt attention.

Applications for Insurance may be made in Newport to GEORGE BOWEN, Agent.

WILLIAM RHODES, President.
ALEX. O. PECK, Sec'y.
American Insurance Co's }
Office, June 4, 1840.

Canton Matting.

A Large Lot, all widths, just opened by

WM. C. COZZENS & Co

April 16.

SPANISH CIGARS.

12,000, superior quality, just received and for sale by

T. STACY, Jr.

Jan. 29.

WOOLLEN YARN of all colours.

For sale at No. 132 by

J. M. COOK & Co.

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS, And PHENIX BITTERS.

The LIFE MEDICINES recommend themselves in diseases of every form and description. Their first operation, is to loosen from the coats of the stomach and bowels, the various impurities and cruelties constantly settling around them, and to remove the hardened faeces which collect in the convolutions of the small intestine. Other medicines only partially cleanse these and leave such collected masses behind as to produce habitual constiveness, with all its train of evils, or sudden diarrhoea, with its imminent dangers. This fact is well known to all regular anatomists, who examine the human bowels after death; and hence the prejudices of those well informed men against quick medicines, or medicines prepared and heralded to the public by ignorant persons. The second effect of the Life Medicines is to cleanse the kidney and the bladder, and by this means the live and lungs, the healthful action of which entirely depends upon the regularity of the ordinary organs. The blood which takes its red color from the agency of the liver and the lungs before it passes into the heart, being thus purified by them through the veins, renews every part of the system and